Highlights and updates from the TCP for EUWP March 15-16,2023

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Policy related messages

- A roadmap for future fuels, supported by clear government policy commitments, is needed
 - Lack of it is a significant impediment to the decarbonization of combustion technologies
- Continued support of combustion research is essential for a low-carbon energy future:
 - Combustion remains a significant part of the global energy mix in the foreseeable future
 - Certain energy sectors are hard to electrify
 - Advanced, clean, and efficient combustion technologies operating on sustainable, zero- to low-carbon fuels offer the potential for low-carbon emissions in all energy sectors



Strategic outlook

Three main purposes:

Expand scientific knowledge base to speed development and adaptation relating to low-carbon fuels



Remove technological barriers that impede decarbonization and emission reduction





Guide decision makers through systems analysis and policy recommendations



Strategic outlook

- Accelerate energy system decarbonization and reduce harmful emissions through clean, efficient, cost-effective, low GHG combustion technologies
 - Fuel flexibility for rapid energy transition
 - Local, sustainable energy resources to strengthen local economies
 - Focus on hard-to-electrify sectors
 - Fuels of particular interest in the next term: H₂, NH₃, methanol, and other low net-carbon fuels
- Battery fires are a critical combustion/electrification intersection
- Consolidate technical information through systems analysis to highlight benefits of low GHG technologies and guide technology selection
- Advise policy makers on efficiency and emissions potential, cost benefits, and remaining barriers relating to combustion-based technologies



Achievements / Ongoing Activities

- Italy joined as a new member country, bringing the total CPs to 12
- A combustion research "trends and needs" survey in each member country was completed
 - Helped guide our continued transition toward research supporting clean and efficient combustion technologies for sustainable fuels
- Completed studies have now confirmed that current gas turbines operating on natural gas/H₂ mixtures containing up to 20-30% H₂ can be a first step into a H₂-based economy
- Early results suggest that with optimized staged-combustion and precracking of NH_3 into H_2 and N_2 , good combustion and a substantial reduction in NOx emissions can be achieved for all NH_3 applications (engines, turbines, furnaces, and process heaters)



Dissemination and Outreach

- Organized the TCP Annual Spray Workshop (April 4, 2022, SAE World Congress in Detroit, ~40 participants)
- Visibility in the scientific community continues with extensive publications of TCP research in peer reviewed journals and presentations at conferences

(List of publications available at https://www.ieacombustion.com/meetings-publications/tcp-publications/)

- Held first post pandemic in-person 3-day Task Leaders Meeting in Japan with a hybrid option
- More than 45 presentations and 40 participants.





Collaboration and Co-Operation

- In support of the IEA GREET+ Extension Project, a lifecycle assessment of hydrogen-fueled ICEs in collaboration with the AMF and Hydrogen TCPs has been initiated
- Participated in the first IEA Critical Minerals TCP Coordination Group meeting December 8, 2022
- TCP members serving as organizers, leaders and/or active participants in external meetings/consortium/workshops continue to bring IEA/TCP perspectives, influence, and visibility to the broader community. (e.g., 1st Symposium on Ammonia Energy, Sep. 1-2, 2022, Cardiff, UK, ~300 participants)

